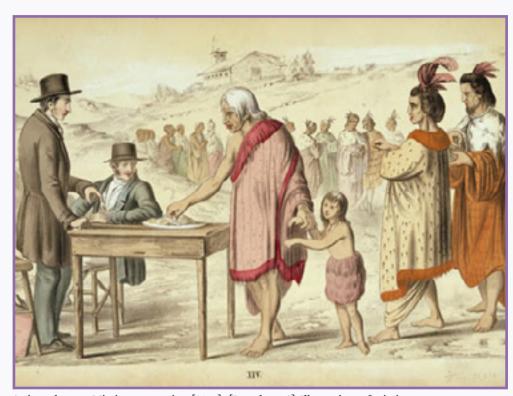
The Shadow and the Substance





Artist unknown :Missionary meeting. [1856].. [Josenhans, J] :Illustrations of missionary scenes; an offering to youth. Mayence [Mainz], Joseph Scholz publisher, [1856]. 2 volumes.. Ref: PUBL-0151-2-014. Alexander Turnbull Library, Wellington, New Zealand. /records/23010860



Snowden, James Robert, 1904-1982. Photograph of Apirana Ngata taking the lead in a haka on Waitangi Day at the centennial celebrations at Waitangi, taken by Bert Snowden. Ref: 1/2-029794-F. Alexander Turnbull Library, Wellington, New Zealand. /records/22311984

Nopera Pana-kareao

1840

Nopera Pana-kareao signed the Waitangi sheet of te Tiriti – the Treaty on 28 April 1840 at Kaitāia. His wife Ereonora signed at the same time. Pana-kareao was the final speaker on the day and his summing up of the Treaty is well remembered:

'What have we to say against the governor, the shadow of the land will go to him but the substance will remain with us'.

1841

According to the missionary Richard Taylor, only a year later Nopera feared that:

'The substance of it will go to [the British] and the shadow only be [the Māori] portion.'

Sir Apirana Ngata

1940

During the centennial year of the signing, Sir Apirana Ngata confirmed Nopera's fears when he said:

'I do not know of any year the Māori people have approached with so much misgiving as this Centennial Year... In retrospect what does the Māori see? Lands gone, the power of chiefs humbled in the dust, Māori culture scattered and broken.'

How does Ngata's perspective relate to Nopera's view about the Shadow and the Substance?